

V.DRAFT CITIZENS'VISION-MISSION:METROPOLITAN BHOPAL 2047

Proposed by Bhopal International Centre-www.bhopalinternationalcentre.org

Basis

History : Dates back to 10K yrs ago(archaeological) ; 1000 yrs. (Historical)

Geography Area : (2000 Sq km-Metropolitan Bhopal) : Roughly equal to half of National Capital Region (NCR).

Normalized for Population -85 L-1 cr. (projected)

Calibrated for Income :Range: Lower middle class to upper middle class (PPP)

Culture : Triveni :

Civilisation : Rurban to Metro (neither rural nor cosmopolitan)

Philosophy –Doctrine : **Monic –Singularism(*Advitiya- Advaita*)** : Everything emanates from an original singularity and integrates into a unique/monic entity after transconversion. Hence figure out one unique thought and another original observation/insight to surpass limits and transcend limitations.

Ideological-Paradigm : **Twofold Dualism (Dvija-Dwaita)** double hard for twice as long –in unique &original stuff respectively -to become the best version of self and make the environment as its best version.

Current status :

- Among the cleanest cities –cleanest capital.
- Among the greenest cities – sliding from past yet far greener than others.
- A cultural hub .
- Education- Oversupplied in Schools ; Colleges oversupplied in infra ,low focus on Human resources, more than enough Universities.
- Health : Private healthcare disproportionately high ; unique availability of National Level research and public healthcare : ICCR & AIIMS.
- Sport : Oversupplied in sports academies ;poor coaching and support staff ; underwhelming results –incl. steep slide of hockey.
- Transport : Poor public transport; chaotic management

DRAFT CITIZENS' METROPOLITAN VISION -MISSION: BHOPAL 2047 (OUTLINE)

Futuristic Heritage Glocal region with Cosmopolitan Residents

(Mostly an extension of Citizens' Vision-Mission: Bhopal 2047)

- Glocal (Global cum Hyperlocal) Zone.
- Futuristic Heritage Region.

- Metropolitan / Smart citizens .
- Cosmopolitan/Urbane Residents.

- Environment City (Extension of the pending tag of Wetland city)
- Global Wellness region (Extension of the pending tag of WHO Health city)

- Most livable city.(Extending current status as among most livable cities).
- Most habitable region(Extension of archaeological findings pointing to habitation 10K yrs ago)

- Happiest region(Leveraging the presence of Happiness Department)
- Cleanest city (Extending the tag of one of the cleanest cities /cleanest capital)

- Tricity (extending the concept of twin city)
- Triveni culture-civilisational space.(Extrapolating the Ganga –Jamuni Tehzeeb).

- Model water managed region: water plus region(extending the historical water management system).
- Superior air quality.

- Commuters paradise.(incl. no cars in select zones).
- Leisure-cum-pleasure space.

CITIZENS'VISION-MISSION: BHOPAL 2047

(Proposed by Bhopal International Centre:

www.bhopalinternationalcentre.org

(Dedicated to Mr. M.N Buch- renowned town planner-who first underlined the importance of Vision –in 2010)

नागरिक विज़न - मिशन : भोपाल २०४७

COLLATED BY : SHASHIDHAR KAPUR (Founder, B.I.C)

With Inputs from other founding members :Dr. Subodh Varshney , Prof . P.K Biswas , Dr. Vijay Agarwal , Mr Chandrakant Naidu , Mr.Rajendra Kothari. Mr. Raghuraj Singh ,Dr. Pradip Nandi)

Additional inputs from speakers , participants ,Guests and audience of B.I.C's programmes / Events.

On 1st June 2025 : Bhopal Foundation Day.

(HINDI)

नागरिक विज़न : भोपाल २०४७

- सुयोग्य शहर (जीविका एवं जीवन शैली का सही संतुलन) ।
- सर्वोत्तम राजधानी (सबसे स्वच्छ राजधानी से आगे) ।

- भोपाल मेट्रोपोलिटन रीजन -(राष्ट्रीय कैपिटल रीजन की तर्ज पर) ।
- भोपाल को एक " बुद्धिजीवियों एवं कला मर्मजों /सृजनकर्मियों " के शहर के रूप में प्रस्थापित करना(ठीक उसी तरह जैसे की ४० बरस पहले भारत भवन की स्थापना के साथ भोपाल की एक कला एवं संस्कृति के केंद्र के रूप में पहचान बानी थी)

- भोपाल को सर्वाधिक रहने योग्य शहर बनाना (सबसे सस्ता एवं सर्वसुविद्युक्त ; देश के मध्य में स्थित एवं अनुकूल जलवायु)-शायद आदि मानव के यहीं सर्वप्रथम रहने के पीछे भी यहाँ की जलवायु , सुरक्षा और प्राकृतिक संसाधन रहे होंगे ।
- भोपाल को मध्यमवर्गीय स्तर से आत्मनिर्भर बनाना ।

- भोपाल को ज्ञान का केंद्र (नॉलेज सिटी)बनाना (कोच्चि की तरह) । सार्वजनिक वाचनालय/ डिजिटल लाइब्रेरी बनाकर , ज्ञान सम्बन्धी गतिविधियों को बढ़ावा दे कर इत्यादि ।

- भोपाल को प्रोफेशनल गतिविधियों का केंद्र (पेशेवर सिटी) बनाना। शहर में मौजूद प्रतिष्ठित संस्थानों की मदद से ।

- द्वीसदनीय नगर निगम ; विशिस्ट व्यक्तियों को एल्डरमैन बनाकर। भोपाल मेयर को राज्य मंत्री का दर्जा ।

- सशक्त नागरिक एवं समर्थ रहवासी। नागरिक फ़ोरम एवं रहवासी समितियों की हिस्सेदारी एवं भागीदारी ।

- पी पी पी पी मॉडल : पीपुल्स- पब्लिक - प्राइवेट पार्टनरशिप ।

- स्टैंड अप- स्टार्ट अप का हब ।

- गैर पेशेवर खेलों का केंद्र - विशेषकर हॉकी , चैस , वाटर स्पोर्ट्स , बैडमिंटन आदि ।

- आदर्श परिवहन सिटी : ५० प्रतिशत से अधिक सवारी पब्लिक वाहनों में। औसत चलन समय २० मिनट। शहर के आरपार जाने के लिए - व्यस्ततम समय में डेढ़ घंटा ।

उपरोक्त के आधार पर विज़न भोपाल २०४७ के लिए निम्न चुनिंदा लक्ष्य हो सकते हैं :

- भोपाल को मध्यदेशी कैपिटल रीजन बनाना।
- भोपाल को देश की सर्वश्रेष्ट मध्यमवर्गीय सिटी बनाना।
- भोपाल को आदर्श मेट्रोपोलिटन रीजन बनाना।

- आत्मनिर्भर शहरी क्षेत्र बनाना।
- सवश्रेष्टा पी. पी. पी. पी. पी - पब्लिक प्राइवेट पीपुल पॉपुलर पार्टनरशिप।
- भोपाल को नॉलेज सिटी बनाना।
- गैर पेशेवर खेलों में अग्रणी शहर बनाना।
- इन्फो बायोटेक सिटी बनाना।

नागरिक मिशन : भोपाल २०४७

- भोपाल की विशेष त्रिवेणी संस्कृति को संजोना (हिंदुस्तानी, हिंदवी एवं आदिमजातिय) ।
- त्रिवेणी साहित्य को बरकरार रखना – हिंदी उर्दू एवं जनजातीय साहित्य (वाचिक परंपरा को भी बुनकर)...थोड़ा संस्कृत का पुट भी ।

- हेरिटेज को बचाना - शिवराज सिंह ने हेरिटेज हाई टेक सिटी की बात की थी (उसी को आगे बढ़ना- हजारों साल की विरासततक). यूनेस्को वर्ल्ड हेरिटेज सिटी बनाना ।
- कवीन बेगम के शहर की पहचान बनाये रखना (बेगुमों एवं रानी का शहर)

- * भोपाल के वेटलैंड्स को बचाना ; शहर के पर्यावरण को बचाना (प्रस्तावित वेटलैंड सिटी से आगे पर्यावरणीय सिटी बनाना)

- भोपाल में माकूल वेस्ट मैनेजमेंट (रेफ्यूज , रिपेयर , रीयूज़ , रीसायकल , रेड्यूस से आगे - अपसाइकिल , शेयर भी) ***
- भोपाल को एक सृजनात्मक शहर बनाना (एक तरह से भारत भवन की परंपरा में अन्य पक्ष जोड़ते हुए आगे बढ़ाना)
- भोपाल को मध्य भारत का एक “ हेल्थ हब बनाना “ (विश्व स्वस्थ्य संगठन द्वारा भोपाल को “हैल्थी सिटी” के टैग को आगे बढ़ाना)

- जलभराव मुक्त शहर
- झुग्गी- गुमठी मुक्त शहर

उपरोक्त के आधार पर मिशन भोपाल २०४७ के लिए निम्न लक्ष्य हो सकते हैं :

- जीरो वेस्ट सिटी
- यूनेस्को हेरिटेज सिटी
- कार्बन न्यूट्रल सिटी
- ग्लोबल एनवायरनमेंट सिटी / वेटलैंड सिटी
- क्लीन एंड ग्रीन सिटी .
- क्रिएटिव सिटी .

- भोपाल को एक “हेल्थी सिटी ” बनाना
(विश्व स्वास्थ्य संगठन की थीम पर)
- हैप्पी सिटी .
(देश के प्रथम आनंद विभाग के क्रियाकलापों को आगे बढ़ाना)

अगले कुछ महीनों तक चर्चा एवं वार्ता के बाद १ नवंबर, २०२५ को भोपाल राजधानी दिवस पर प्रारूप नागरिक मेट्रोपोलिटन विजन प्रस्तुत किया जायेगा.

(ENGLISH)

(Mr. Buch's' Comment)

BHOPAL MASTER PLAN DRAFT : GOOD RIDDANCE TO BAD RUBBISH

MN Buch

Wednesday, 28 April 2010

Bhopal

The Bhopal development plan for 2021 whose draft, thankfully, was rejected by chief minister Shivraj Singh Chouhan, suffered from a whole series of disastrous prescriptions which would have destroyed the city of lakes. Nowhere did the plan say why had it been formulated and what were its objectives. How can this have been called a plan at all when it failed to make any statement about what plans aims to achieve? The first master plan of Delhi began with the statement that its purpose was to achieve the harmonious growth of Delhi. What had the Bhopal plan sought to achieve?

The Madhya Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1973, provides in section 17 what a development plan of a city must cover. In MP, master plans are legally termed development plans, and this is the term I shall use in this article. A development plan naturally has to begin with prescribing land use, including residential, industrial, commercial, agricultural, recreational, etc. uses, as also land reservations for public institutions and offices. The plan must cover transport termini, public utilities such as water supply, drainage, sewerage, power, telecommunication, etc. The plan must have regulations for zoning, land development and construction parameters and architectural controls and measures for preventing any natural disaster, protecting the environment and general cleanliness of the city. Landscaping, preservation of natural areas and conservation and protection of heritage zones and buildings have to form an integral part of the plan.

The plan has to go further. Land use planning is not an abstract exercise, because the manner in which land is used affects everything else in the city. For example, if infrastructure is planned to serve a certain size of population and if through change of land use population numbers and densities change, the entire infrastructure network will go haywire. If land use planning is done without logic, then the city's shape, size, livability, etc. will change. Land use planning and strict development controls can give us a city which conforms to predetermined development norms. Skewed land use planning, on the other hand, can destroy the very fabric of the city.

Ultimately why do we make a city plan? Before the planning exercise begins there must be a picture of the future city before us, to achieve which we use planning as the instrument. For example, how do we envisage Bhopal in the future? Will it be

an industrial city? Will its forte be the service sector and if so, will government predominate or will it be the private sector? Is Bhopal to develop as a major educational hub and thus become substantially a knowledge city? What is to be the **employment profile** of Bhopal? After all if infrastructure is built it has to be maintained and for this purpose the citizens should be able to afford to pay for maintenance. This will not be possible unless the employment profile of Bhopal pushes the economy upwards, with wide ranging employment opportunities, so that the average citizen can afford to pay for the services.

Depending on the answers we give ourselves about the future city profile, we can use land use planning as a major tool to achieve the desired results. Therefore, the logic of land use planning and the future of the city that we might plan are intimately interrelated.

Every city has its own signature. For example, the island cities of Bombay and Manhattan in New York, because of limited land space and high demand for commercial space, have preferred a vertical signature. Washington, New Delhi, Bhopal, Canberra and Ottawa have opted for a relatively horizontal signature intersperse with large green spaces. In Bhopal we have the lakes which divide the city into segments for which the hills also have a role. A vertical profile would be entirely inappropriate for Bhopal and, **therefore, we have to shun skyscrapers**. The beauty of Bhopal lies in its hills and lakes, its forests and the easy merging of the built environment into the natural landscape. Tall buildings would completely destroy the landscape of Bhopal.

In Bhopal's draft development plan, there was virtually no attempt to safeguard and enhance the very landscape features which give Bhopal its unique character. Instead of protecting the Upper Lake and treating the catchment in a manner in which the feeder rivers will once again begin to flow, the plan attempts to commercialise a whole strip of land from **Lalghati to Bhainsakhedi**. This strip represents the ridge line between the Betwa and Halali catchments, and is an important feeder of the Upper Lake. Commercialization of this strip would have immediately affected the inflow into the Lake and caused further deterioration. I offer this an example because the plan, far from protecting the lake, was its enemy. This can be multiplied any number of times to show how environmentally inimical it was.

Land speculators and businessmen looking for quick profit bought vast chunks of agricultural land on the outskirts of Bhopal in every direction. By putting up some sort of educational institution these people hope that having got cheap land, they at

some stage will be able to commercialise it and make huge profits. Even though there is no linkage between the infrastructure plan and the sites of these institutions, undoubtedly the property owners will bring pressure to extend infrastructure. If a road is built under these circumstances, it will be tantamount to encouraging ribbon development in which unscrupulous individuals can earn profits, but the city fabric is destroyed. What sort of planning is this that instead of first prescribing land use, one changes land use to public and semi-public after one is presented is with a fait accompli?

North and south Bhopal are separated by the Upper and Lower Lakes, with only two highly overcrowded links through Kamala Park and Retghat plus Pul Pukhta. The plan contains no provision for alternative routes to connect south Bhopal to what lies north of Retghat. How can this be called a plan? The plan provides for commercialisation of every street more than 24-metres wide. What about water supply, drainage, and sewerage when re-densification occurs? What about the garden character of this city? A plan which wants to convert residential Bhopal into the kind of horror one sees in towns such as Baroda certainly cannot be called a plan.

I can write reams on the utter absurdities of the Bhopal Plan, but I have neither time nor space. Instead we must all get together now to ensure that the new draft plan which is prepared for Bhopal provides us a **theme**, a **dream**, and a clear statement of what we expect to achieve from a development plan. My services are available, absolutely free of cost, to help in the process of planning.

VISION BHOPAL : A HITECH HERITAGE CITY (July 28. 2017)

Shashidhar .S. Kapur

The term “Vision” has been used loosely by many people in many ways - sometimes even interchangeably with plan or even as part of a plan. Broadly speaking ,a vision is the projection of known unto the unknown and a plan is an extrapolation of seen to the known. Thus vision is in the mind’s eye while a plan is built upon the foundation of visible domain (Data / Info).In common parlance , a Vision is the dream that you wish to realise -the quantum / revolutionary jump- if you had all the resources and perfect conditions. A plan , on the other hand, is how you wish to incrementally - step by step - proceed to actualise goals/ aims even in face of all possible difficulties in the environment . In Bhopal’s context ,

vision is what the city as a whole would look and feel like at a certain generational point in future if the people and circumstances were transformed and converted.. A plan is a outline of reality in the practical realm- if the subjects and environment is changed and reformed. Plan is to push the limits and limitations , Vision is for breaking them.

Having defined vision somewhat- the **what** ...we now think of **why** ? Nature works in both evolutionary as well as mutant ways- hence both are needed.

When – Plan is ideal for two or more terms of government and Vision ought to be for the duration of two plans or more - a generation .Next comes the question - **who** should formulate the vision ? A vision ought to be drafted by leaders alongwith thought leaders ,pop philosophers & intellectuals - designing the public spacein a top up manner. **How** ? Once drafted the vision must be placed in the Public domain for negotiations with Senior Citizens' vision (Senior both in stature & experience). By its very construct the vision is going to be inaccurate about sections , incremental aspects, details and dark areas (the non-ideal conditions)–which needs to be corrected by negotiations and later complemented by a Plan. In the same vein, a plan is to be crafted by popular representatives in consultation with intelligentsia and ideologues – a bottom up approach , Subsequently, it must be presented in the social arena for bargaining with Citizens' plan (Those in the working age).Vision is the initial design of the environment; plan is drafted /deferred live .By definition a plan is inaccurate about total– which adds to more than the sum of its parts. Thus it needs to be corrected / complemented by a Vision.

What if you don't have a vision ? - The design would be faulty and would invariably collapse as it reaches the total-in the long run. You'll only be evolutionary and collapse in uncertain times. Plan would be blind and lose direction.

What if you don't plan ? - The shape would distort at every incremental step some section-particularly the weakest- would get altogether excluded ; it would not be inclusive development. Vision without a plan would be sort of lame . Dreams would become fantasy. In regular space and routine times only minor mutations survive hence Vision sans plan could be a non-starter.

A vision must necessarily contain the USP of that city - in Bhopal's case it could be its identity as the city of lakes-hills-forests boasting of *Ganga – Jamuni –Saraswati (Triveni) Tehzeeb* ...A city of gardens/parks , mosques and museums. The plan besides incorporating best aspects must necessarily take into account aspects /facets which cannot be done –the dark aspects viz. Bhopal cannot be business led , it cannot be a 24/ 7 city etc. Bhopal vision & plan must be aligned to the State urban vision by metropolitan plan ; to the national vision via AMRUT and to the global vision through Smart city initiative. Moreover , a white paper must be prepared about the previous plans - so as to learn from the mistakes as also build upon the success stories. Also, the vision & plan of comparable cities ought to be studied in order to imbibe their best practices.

The process of designing a vision ought to be from top upwards while the procedure of plan needs to be grassroots up .This is so since Vision involves quantum jump in ambitions in the light of perfect conditions while plan invokes incremental development of aspirations in the context of dark/grey environment. Eventually, the two ought to be reconciled (moderated/calibrated)- by debates and discussions, explanations and expressions, dialogues and conversations.-in the context of average point. Only then is there a possibility of sustainable growth with inclusivity.

In general ,the intellectual aspects ought to be negotiated between the planning body and Senior citizens /Bodies while the social /organic facets may be dealt among Government and NGO's /activists. Only by this process would evolution be maintainable and participatory. viz. about “beutification” a compromise can be reached by letting the civic body take care of inorganic / manmade aspects while the organic/ natural facets allowed to remain in their pristine beautiful state /according to the wishes of citizens.

Since the current Smart city vision / plan is based on convergence (of all pan city aspects into one body for the smart city area) without integration (with master plan) the consequence of exclusive growth and greater divide is not too difficult to guess.(In fact ,a recent report in the Indian Express about smart cities suggests that over 80% of the resources would go in for 15% of the population.). The protests by citizens is not so much against the works but the skewed ratio, proportion and priorities.

In the same vein, Vision and plan ought to be designed for all major aspects – facets viz. Transport , Water supply (Sewage , Waterlogging et al) ,Environment etc. Without a plan the vision is lame and is likely to fall (remain only on paper) and sans vision a plan is blind and is bound to crash. Hence we need both –Vision and a Plan- in order to get the desired results without clashes and crashes in an Inclusive- cum participatory manner.

P.S. : Based on the above , a tentative Vision could be drawn. Perhaps taking a cue from a former CM's vision for Bhopal to make it “ Hitech Heritage city” a citizen's vision could be drafted.

CITIZENS'VISION : BHOPAL 2047

- What is a vision? How is it different from a Plan ?**

A plan links the visible to the known while a Vision links the known to the knowable ...A plan is visible to the physical eye while a vision is seen only in the mind's eye. A vision is the holistic projection upon the mental space.

- When is the time to present a Vision ?**

Since a Vision is proactive & projective , it ought to be presented before the plan. At the least , Plan should be deferred live w.r.t. Vision.

- **Where should a vision be presented ?**

Both in conference Halls and in *Bastis* –preferably simultaneously: each place moderating the other...Later in public spaces and social occasions.

- **Who should design a Vision?**

Thought leaders , Intellectuals , pop philosophers, commentators ; Mayors in most western cities come up with the vision.

- **Why is Vision needed ?**

Without a Vision a plan blind and without a plan vision is lame ; Vision helps in setting the limits/ limitations of the capabilities / capacities of citizens as also their Unique points.

- **How is a Vision prepared ?**

By identifying the indices of the city & intelligencies of its citizens and syncing them (*Bhopaliyat & Bhopali*)

- **Who does it impact most-longterm ?**

Upper crust, futuristic.

- **Which section does it affect most –big picture ?**

Cutting edge , Upper class.

Based on the above description, the CITIZENS' VISION: BHOPAL 2047 is :

- Optimal City (Right balance of Livelihood and lifestyle)

- Best Capital city (Beyond merely Cleanest capital city)

- Central capital region. (Extending Babulal Gaur's vision of Second National capital)-On the lines of NCR

- Bhopal Established as an intellectual hub (Just as it was established as Creative core 40 yrs ago with the establishment of Bharat Bhavan : Making appropriate buildings as also inviting intellectual leaders)...Bhopal will then become the “Intellectual & Creative city”

- Most livable City.(Merely extending Bhopal’ status of one of the most livable cities to “ The ” most livable city: (Best Purchasing power parity , amenities & Facilities)
- Knowledge city (Tips from Kochi –which has been declared the Knowledge city) . Bhopal will then Become the “ Knowledge & Professional hub”

- Bicameral Municipality ;Municipal council as well as Aldermen should get due weightage ; central funds should go directly to municipality. Bhopal’s Mayor ought to have more powers vis-a-vis the council and vice- versa perhaps Cabinet rank; Bhopal to be self reliant (*Atmanirbhar*) in needs ; Interdependent (*Paraspar Nirbhar*) in wants.
- Empowered citizens forum ; Enabled residents platform / Mohalla Samitis ; RWA act should be institutionalised. Both inclusion as well as participation. City Republics.(Extending the Gandhian concept of Village republics)

- PPPP Model : Public –Private- People’s - partnership .
- Stand up-cum-startup hub. : For innovative & Improvisational (*Jugaad*) ideas respectively.

- Sporting-cum-gaming hub : Traditional games-cum futuristic games ; amateur sports –cum-core sports(Hockey, chess , shooting, water sports , badminton etc.)

- Model transportation city : More than 50 pc population on Public transport ; Traffic light free city (Like Kota) –at least sections/townships ; End to end commute : max : 1.5 hrs ; average travel time : 20 Min.

On the basis of Draft vision some of the Aims are :

AIMS

- Central capital region
- To make Bhopal the **Best** Midsized (Tier 2) City In India
- Push for Metropolitan Plan
- Self reliant city state .
- Best PPP.
- Knowledge city
- Leading sports city in amateur sports
- Infobiotech city.

CITIZENS' MISSION : BHOPAL 2047

- To preserve **Bhopal's** unique **Tri-culture** (**Classic , folk & Tribal**).
- To promote Bhopal's **Tri-literature** (**Hindi , Urdu & Tribal /Gondi**)...incl. oral traditions ...A splash of Sanskrit too.

- Preserve City's Heritage. Shivraj Singh had called for Bhopal to be “**Heritage Hitech City**” .We intend to take that concept forward to preserve heritage of thousands of years and would try to get the “ UNESCO World Heritage City.” tag .
- To sustain the identity of Bhopal as the city of “**Queen & Begums** ”.

- To preserve the wetlands of Bhopal ; conserve city's environment. Try and achieve the tag of “ Wetland City ” and subsequently Environment region” . Aim for carbon neutral and water plus city too.
- Make the city a Model of waste management (Refuse , reduce , repair , reuse, share , recycle ,upcycle.)...Try and make Bhopal a “ Zero waste City .”
- To make Bhopal a “Creative Hub” (In a way , building upon the glorious tradition of Bharat Bhawan .).
- Bhopal to be a “Health Hub” (To live upto the tag of “Healthy City ” –given by W.H.O)

- Waterlogging free city.
- Slum -Hawker accommodated city.

On the basis of above , Vision Bhopal 2047 may have following aims :

- Zero waste city .
- UNESCO Heritage City.
- Carbon Neutral city.

- Global Environment Region / Wetland City /Water Plus City.
- Clean and Green City.
- Creative City.
- “ Healthy City ” . (On the “ Healthy City ” Theme of World Health Organisation.).
- “ Happy City ”.(Leveraging the presence of country’s first Department of Happiness)

Presently , only a draft is made ...After extensive discussions over the next few months the final version would be presented on 1st November , 2025 ; Bhopal Capital Formation Day alongwith a Draft Vision: Metropolitan region 2047.
